# INTERNATIONAL AEROSPACE OLYMPIAD 2025



# SYLLABUS - GRADE 5TH & 6TH

- 1. Differentiating Aerospace, Aeronautics, and Astronautics
- 1.1 Aerospace
  - Definition: The field involving flight within Earth's atmosphere and beyond into space.
  - Examples: Airplanes, rockets, and satellites.
- 1.2 Aeronautics
  - Definition: The study and practice of flying in Earth's atmosphere.
  - Examples: Airplanes, helicopters, and gliders.
- 1.3 Astronautics
  - Definition: The science and technology of space exploration.
  - Examples: Rockets, space stations, and interplanetary probes.

### 2. Airplane Basics

- 2.1 Parts of an Airplane
  - Identification and functions of major parts:
    - Wings (lift), tail (stability), cockpit (control center), and engines (thrust).
- 2.2 How Airplanes Fly
  - · Concepts of lift, thrust, drag, and gravity (simplified explanation).
- 2.3 Types of Airplanes
  - Passenger airplanes, cargo airplanes, and military airplanes.
  - Differences between commercial and private jets.
- 3. Space Science and Technology
- 3.1 Rockets and Satellites
  - · How rockets work: Launch, propulsion, and stages.
  - Types of satellites: Communication, weather, navigation, and research satellites.
- 3.2 Space Technology Advancements
  - Space telescopes: Hubble, James Webb.
  - Future technologies: Space tourism, Mars colonization, and reusable spacecraft.
- 4. Astronaut Details
- 4.1 Who is an Astronaut?
  - Definition and role of astronauts in space exploration.
- 4.2 Astronaut Training
  - · Overview of astronaut training: Physical fitness, technical knowledge, and simulations.
- 4.3 Life in Space
  - How astronauts live in space: Eating, sleeping, and working in microgravity.
  - The role of the International Space Station (ISS).

# 5. Layers of the Atmosphere

#### 5.1 Introduction to the Atmosphere

Definition of the atmosphere and its importance for life.

# 5.2 Layers of the Atmosphere

- Troposphere: Weather and airplanes.
- Stratosphere: Ozone layer and high-altitude aircraft.
- · Mesosphere: Meteors burning up.
- Thermosphere: Satellites and auroras.
- Exosphere: Edge of space.

# 6. 6.1 Global Aerospace Pioneers

- Yuri Gagarin: First human in space.
- Neil Armstrong and Buzz Aldrin: Moon landing.
- Elon Musk: Contributions to space technology.

#### 7. 7.1 Exoplanets and the Search for Life

- What are exoplanets?
- Basics of the search for extraterrestrial life (SETI)





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